

Advanced Sensors and Instrumentation – NRC Research Status Update

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Advanced Sensors and Instrumentation FY23 Annual Program Review Meeting

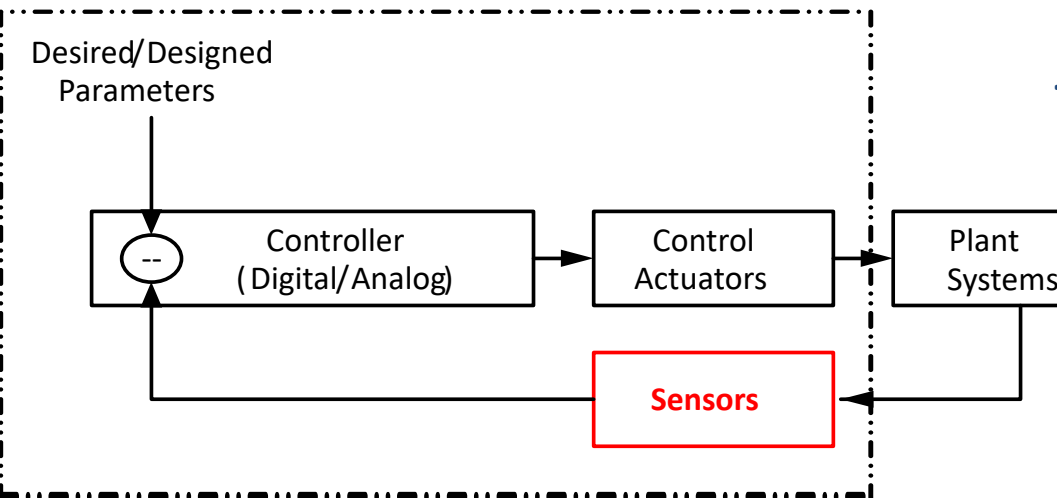


Key Messages

- Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research staff research and support current and future NRC activities related to Instrumentation and Controls (I&C).
- New sensor technologies are applicable for both modernizing the operating reactor fleet as well as advanced reactors.
- Staff are proactively looking at these technologies to be ready for the future.

Regulatory Importance in Current NPPs

Sensors are the “center” of I&C System Designs...



...and Licensed Operation (Tech Specs)

3.4.6 RCS Loops-MODE 4

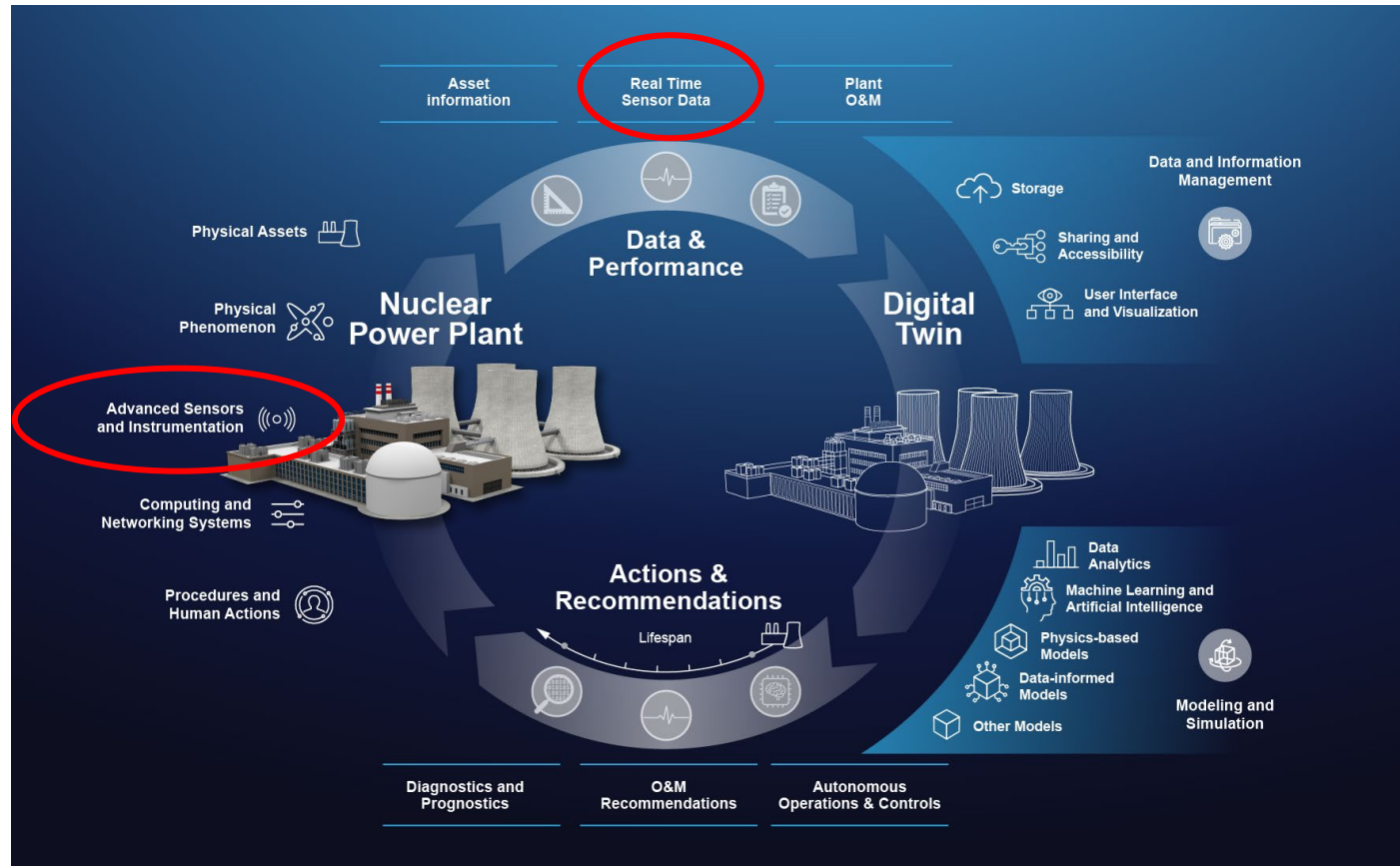
LCO 3.4.6

Two loops consisting of any combination of RCS loops and residual heat removal (RHR) loops shall be OPERABLE, and one loop shall be in operation.

NOTES

1. All reactor coolant pumps (RCPs) and RHR pumps may be removed from operation for ≤ 1 hour per 8 hour period provided:
 - a. No operations are permitted that would cause introduction of coolant into the RCS with boron concentration less than required to meet the SDM of LCO 3.1.1; and
 - b. Core outlet temperature is maintained at least 10°F below saturation temperature.
2. No RCP shall be started with any RCS cold leg temperature \leq Low Temperature Overpressure Protection (LTOP) arming temperature specified in the PTLR unless the pressurizer water level is less than 50%, OR the secondary side water temperature of each steam generator (SG) is $< 50^\circ\text{F}$ above each of the RCS cold leg temperatures.

Example Future Use/Need?: Digital Twins



[source: TLR-RES/DE/REB-2023-02 at ML23058A085]

Example Future Use/Need?: AI/ML...

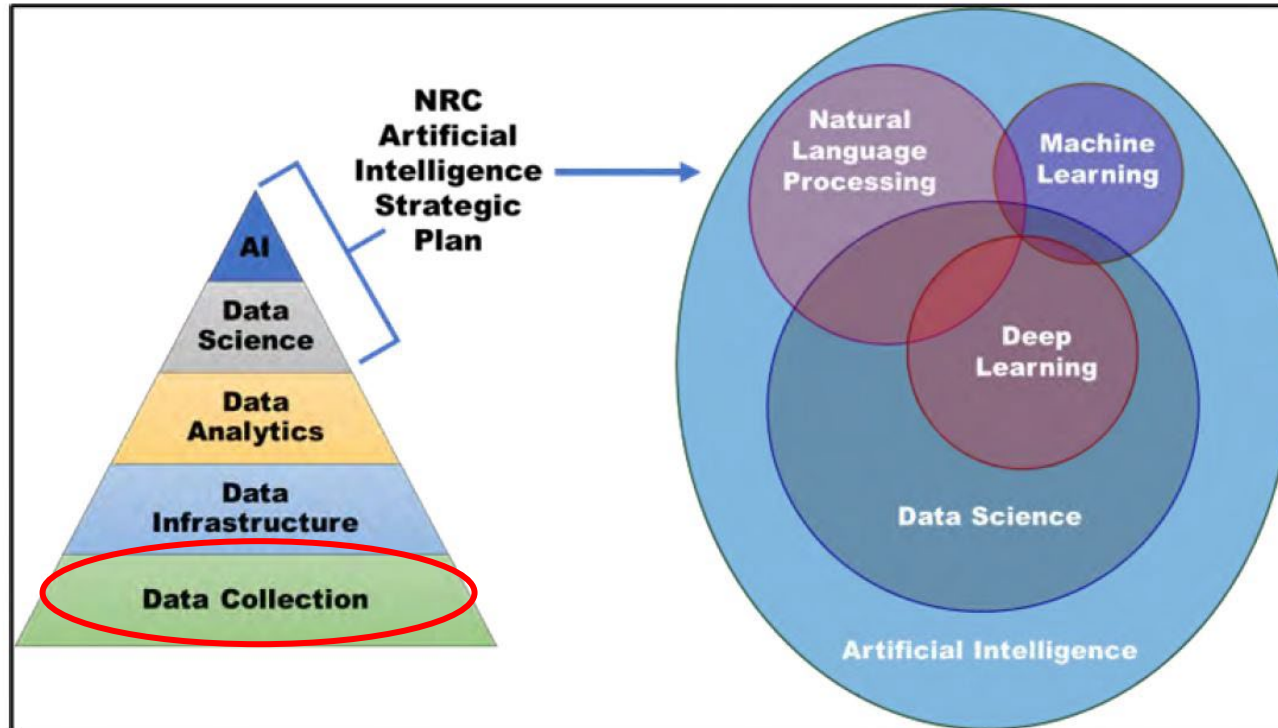


Figure 1 Artificial Intelligence Hierarchy and Relationship with the NRC AI Strategic Plan (adapted from [5] and [6])

[source: NUREG-2261 at ML23132A305]

Instrumentation & Controls Regulatory Framework

- **Part 50/52:** Staff are implementing the vision to develop an integrated strategy to modernize the NRC's I&C regulatory infrastructure.

<https://www.nrc.gov/reactors/digital/modernize.html>

- **Part 53:** The staff developed [rule package](#) was sent to the Commission on March 1, 2023, with a request to approve and publish the draft proposed rule in the Federal Register for comment. It remains with the Commission.

<https://www.nrc.gov/reactors/new-reactors/advanced/rulemaking-and-guidance/part-53.html>



Current Regulatory Touchpoints:

- **10 CFR 52.47(a)(13):** FSAR must include “The list of electric equipment important to safety that is required by 10 CFR 50.49(d)”. This subsection pertains to Environmental Qualification of electric equipment **important to safety** for nuclear power plants. See also RG 1.89.
- **RG 1.97:** Starting with Rev 4 of RG 1.97, new instrumentation systems in advanced nuclear power plant designs for severe accident conditions were specified **using performance-based criteria** to select instrument variables that are needed. This increases flexibility and avoids prescribing the specific variables to be monitored.
- **Regulatory Touchpoints (BTP 7-10):** sensor types and range, redundancy, allowable deviations, instrument power, and pointers to other guides (e.g., BTP 7-12 on set points), etc...

Standard Review Plan, Chapter 7:

<https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-collections/nuregs/staff/sr0800/ch7/index.html>



Current Branch Research: Sensor-Intensive Activities



- Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning (AI/ML) research for cybersecurity



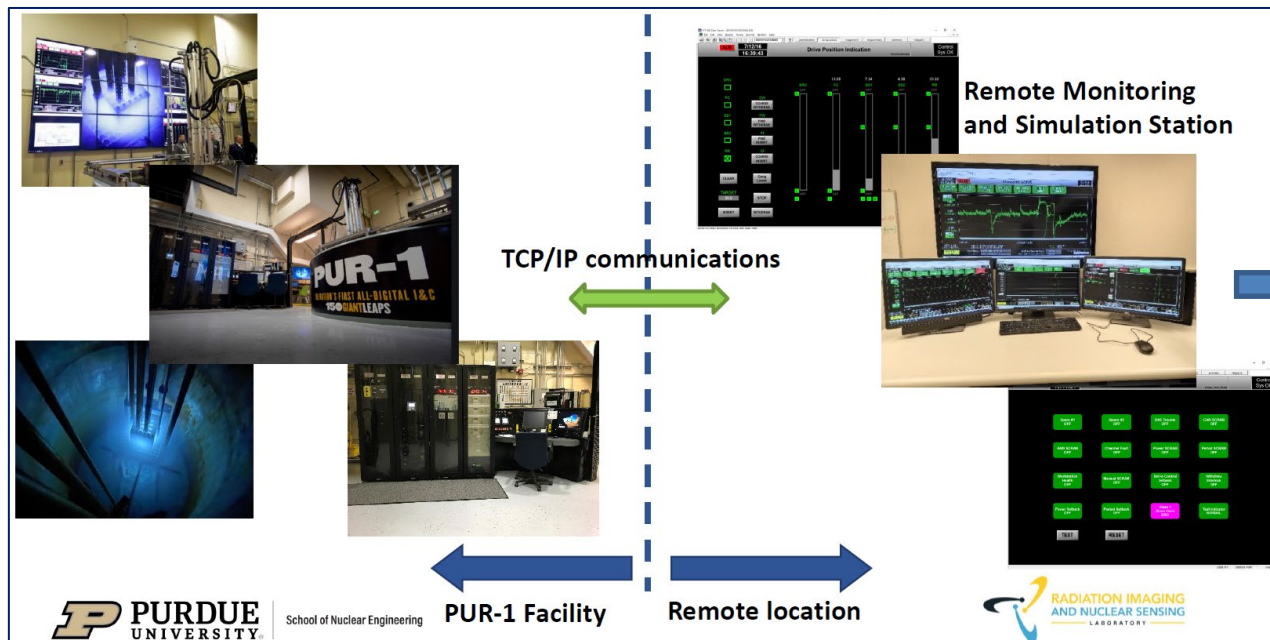
- Autonomous Control + Remote (Operation and Monitoring) Techniques



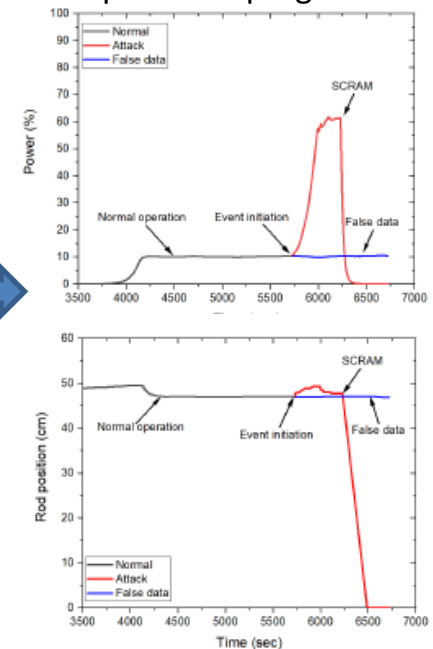
- Wireless safety and security

AI/ML Research: FFR for Cybersecurity

Perform “future focused research” (FFR) to assess feasibility of AI/ML to identify, characterize, and differentiate nuclear states.



Example event progression



Autonomous Control + Remote (Operation and Monitoring) Techniques

- Motivation/purpose includes:
 - Document existing standards and best-practice guidelines on standardized use of autonomous + remote techniques for ICS
 - Example: National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) special publications (SPs).
 - Document insights from technical subject matter experts on additional/changing attack vectors and how to mitigate their risk.
 - Develop the technical basis to characterize autonomous + remote techniques using a multidimensional framework



Wireless: Safety and Security



- Security:

- Research on cybersecurity insights from other safety-critical industries.

- Safety:

- Review of EMI and RFI from modern wireless technologies. Supports conclusions in RG 1.180, Rev 2.
- *Report in final internal review.*



STUDY OF WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY IMPLEMENTATION IN ISOLATED, HIGH CONSEQUENCE NETWORKS

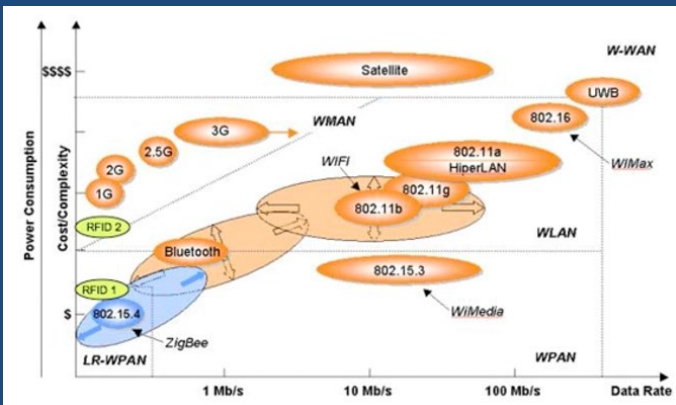
July 2022

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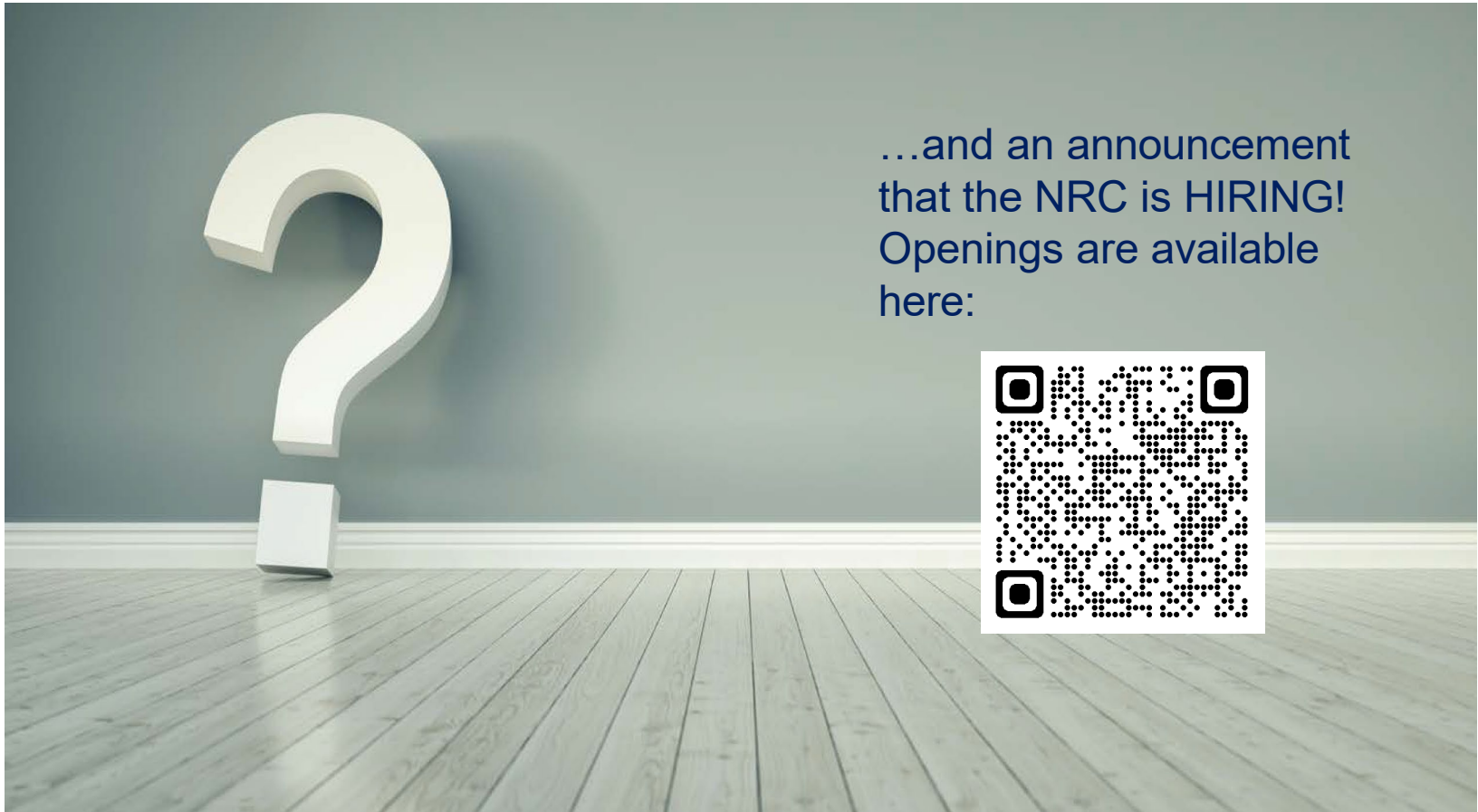




Conclusions

- Research staff activities are worked in coordination with program office staff to produce **timely and useful products**.
- Technology readiness level and licensees' plans for proposed use of new sensor technologies **factor into research topics**.
- Activities are **aligned to complement** DOE-funded research for differences in mission, purpose, and scope.
- Research staff use MOUs, standards organizations, public meetings and international forums to **calibrate internal priorities** and enable NRC readiness for timely review of future submittals.

Questions?



...and an announcement
that the NRC is **HIRING!**
Openings are available
here:

