

Presented by Troy Unruh

Manager – INL Measurement Science Department



Capabilities of the INL Irradiation Facilities

-Instrumentation focused view of INL capabilities



INL/MSL and the DOE Advanced Sensors and Instrumentation (ASI) Program

Mission

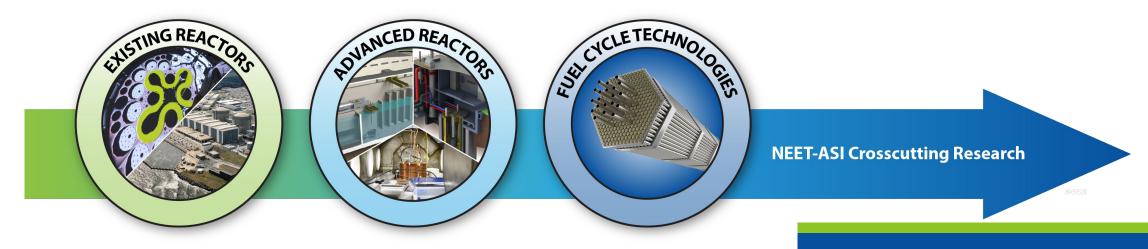
Develop <u>advanced sensors and</u>

<u>I&C</u> that address <u>critical technology</u> **gaps** for monitoring and controlling

existing and advanced <u>reactors</u> and supporting <u>fuel cycle</u> development

Vision

NEET ASI Research results in advanced sensors and I&C technologies that are <u>qualified</u>, <u>validated</u>, and ready to be <u>adopted</u> by the nuclear industry



Measurement Science Department & Laboratory



Measurement Science Laboratories

Nuclear instrumentation for irradiation experiments and advanced reactors

energy research is the measure the extreme conditions inside a nuclear reactor. This is a significant technical challenge, but Idaho National Laboratory's Measurement Science Department addresses it with the Measurement Science Laboratories (MSL). MSL are a collection of laboratory spaces, equipment and capabilities supporting

characterize a strain

aguae fabricated by

the activities of INL's Measurement Science Department. MSL provide broad support to many programs within the U.S. Demonstration Facility (IEDF) Department of Energy's Office of Nuclear Energy (DOE-NE) and allow access to researchers and engineers from organizations inside and outside INL.

Most MSL facilities are located at INI's Energy Innovation Laboratory (EIL), including the High Temperature Test



Laboratory Research Center (IRC) and Idaho Engineering MEASUREMENT SCIENCE

LABORATORY CAPABILITIES

specialized equipment for nuclear instruments development, fabrication and testing.

 The autoclave testing area includes various flowing and static containment pressurized water reactor flow and chemistry. This allows instrument testing of advanced instrument concepts, test assemblies, reactor components, materials, and coatings in prototypic, but nonnuclear conditions.

The HTTL houses specialized instrument fabrication equipment and can perform high-temperature evaluations as well as non-destructive analysis of instruments through a micro focus X-ray computed tomography scanner. The HTTL can also handle radioactive materials relevant for instrument research

of the Measurement Science



characterization of local

test parameters, such as

pressure and materials

neutron flux, temperature,

mechanical responses, MSL

instruments are deployed

primarily the Advanced Test

Reactor (ATR) and the Tran-

(TREAT), as well as facilities

sachusetts Institute of Tech-

nology Research Reactor.

Engineering services for

instrumented irradiation

rigs. Those include design

calibration and out-of-pile

as well as post-irradiation

testing, assembly processes

integration, instrument

sient Reactor Test Facility

in collaborating institu-

tions, such as the Mas-

in INL irradiation facilities.

acoustic sensors fabrication and testing area includes specialized spectrometers, spectrum analyzers, laser interrogators, pulse power system power meters, and fiber fabrication equipment

MSI provide research and development, testing and characterization, and engi neering services including:

 Developing and fabricating nuclear instrumentatio for irradiation experi-



monitors. The assembly of nstrumented TREAT experiments, design and calibration of linear variable differential transformers and services related to passive monitors for ATR experiments without sensor leads (melt wires, SiC monitors) are an important component of MSL activities.

Development of innovative sensing technologies for advanced reactors instrumentation and control systems. Through use in irradiation experiments, sensing technologies are matured for commercialization or integration in advanced reactor designs. Innovative technologies such as optical fibers and acoustic measurements are key to enable advanced maintenance (such as early fault detection) and operation modes (toward autonomous operation).

Battelle Energy Alliance manages INL for the U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Nuclear Energy.

eina inserted into INL's Neutron

OR MORE INFORMATION

Technical contact 208-526-6281

General contac Joel Hiller 208-526-7456

www.inl.aou

A U.S. Department of Energy





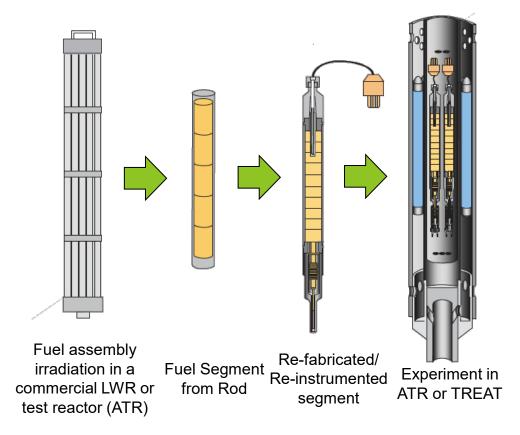
We welcome instrumentation-focused visiting researchers, students, vendors, etc.

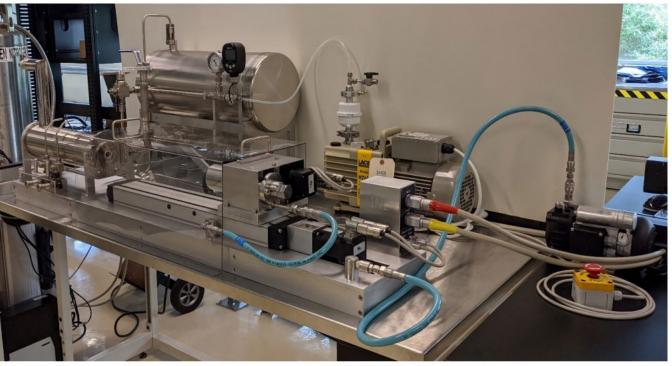
Measurement Science Laboratory Equipment Tour



MSL Reinstrumentation for Testing Irradiated Rods

- Fuel rod refabrication, reinstrumentation, and continued irradiation prototyping units
- Hot cell units under development at Materials and Fuels Complex





Cryo-drilling unit with vacuum pumps and guards in place

Images adapted from Halden presentations

Flowing Autoclave Laboratory

 Real-time, non-nuclear, high temperature, high pressure evaluations of instrumentation, assemblies, components, and materials

Hydrostatic testing

Sparce sensing validation

Line break measurements

To be installed:

Steam generator

Sodium loop(s) for TREAT



Thermocouple performance evaluations in autoclave



Flowing Autoclave Laboratory

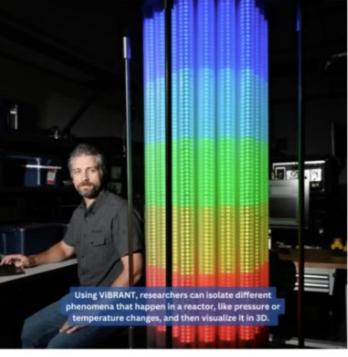
IDAHO NATIONAL LABORATORY

Mechatronics Laboratory (coming soon!)

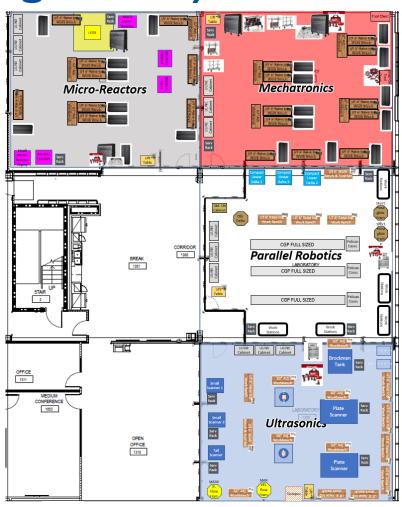
- Dedicated to the development and demonstration of specialized mechanical and sensing systems for nuclear reactors and reactor experiments with specialized areas:
 - Micro-Reactors
 - Mechatronics
 - Parallel Robotics
 - Ultrasonics



Office of Nuclear Energy, U.S. Department of Energy U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) #tech #science #cleanEnergy #nuclearEnergy #Idaho



Visual Benign Reactor as Analog for Nuclear Testing (ViBRANT)



Mechatronics Laboratory Layout

Transient Reactor Test (TREAT) Facility

 TREAT's design provides flexibility to support a variety of testing missions

19 GW Peak Transient Power (~2500 MJ energy limit)

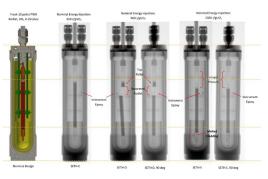
 Core: ~1.2 m high, 19 x 19 array of 10 x 10cm. fuel assemblies (air-cooled)

Instantaneous, large negative temperature coefficient (self protecting driver core)

Operated 1959-1994

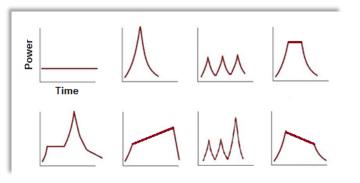
Restart 2014-2017

GO TON CRANE STORAGE AND LIM STORAGE ASSEMBLY TOWER AND LIM STORAGE LIM REACTOR SUPPORT STRUCTURE STORAGE HOLES



TREAT Neutron Radiographs





Time →

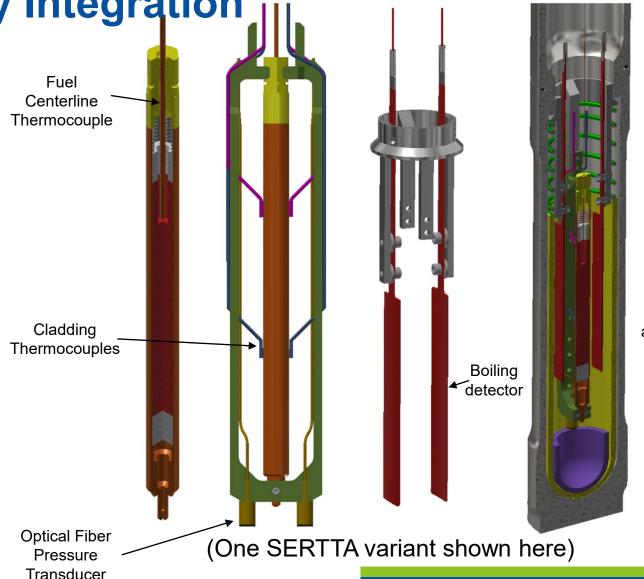
TREAT Hodoscope Data

Hodoscope detected fuel motion

MSL, TREAT Reactor, and Material and Fuel Complex (MFC) Hot Cell Facility Integration

- Example: Static Water Capsule (SERTTA) Instrumentation:
 - Boiling detector (electroimpedance)
 - Fuel temperature (TC)
 - Cladding surface temperature (bare-wire TC)
 - Plenum/capsule pressure (optical fiber/LVDT)
 - Elongation (LVDT/optical fiber) (not shown)
 - Energy deposition (ex-capsule SPND/n-α thermometer) (not shown)





Waterfilled capsule assembly

National Lab Creates New Device to Test Safety Limits of Nuclear Fuel



OCTOBER 26, 2021

Public release video:



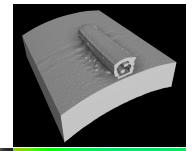


MSL intrinsic junction thermocouple in practice video: (one of many!)

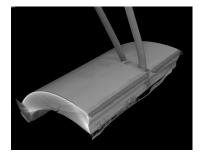


Measurement Science Laboratory Analysis

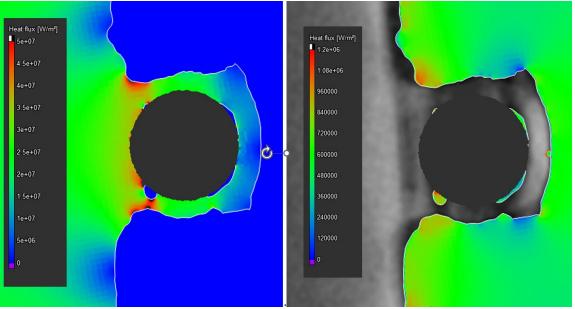
3D computed tomography of sheathed and mounted thermocouple (scan at right) at critical heat flux (simulated below)

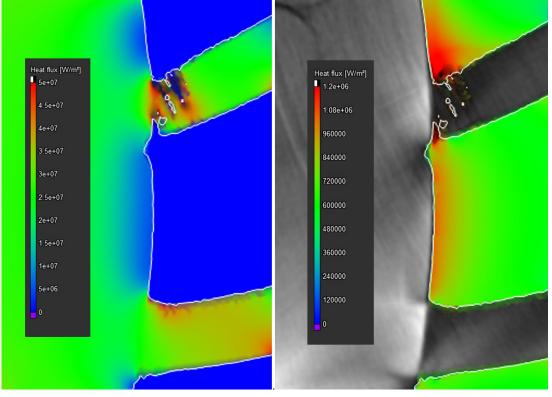






3D computed tomography of intrinsic junction thermocouple (scan at left) at critical heat flux (simulated below)





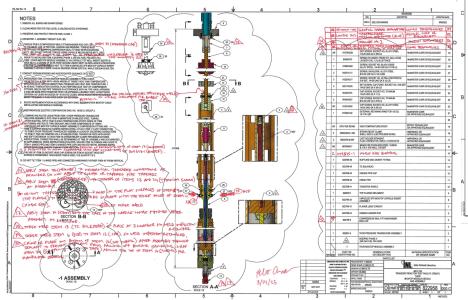
THOR MOXTOP Drawing Overview

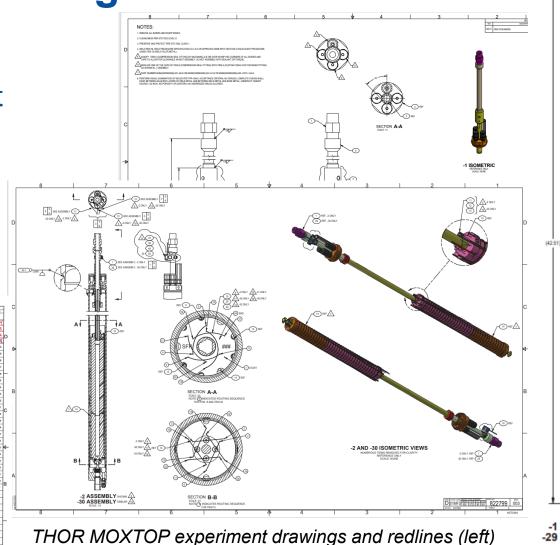
 MSL works closely with INL Experiment Design Department

Guide initial design/fabrication

Redlines incorporated during assembly

As-built drawings incorporates redlines







-1 AND -29 ISOMETRIC

THOR MOXTOP Assembly Overview

- Supplemental Work Instruction (SWI)
 - Guide assembly and instrumentation fabrication/assembly
 - Step-by-step sequence
 - Document As-built conditions
 - Performs quality assurance
 - 44. Route Type K thermocouple soft extensions through internals in P1 flange Conax in configuration shown in Figure 2. Configuration can vary as long as AES leads are spaced as far radially from the LVDT Primary and Secondary leads

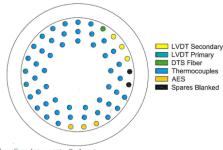


Figure 2, P1 Flange Conax Instrumentation Configuration

45. Connectors T1 and T2 need to be located at least 8" above flange to allow mate up to HFEF top hat. Attach chromel and alumel pins to leads above flange per 822795 note 16 and THOR-M Thermocouple Pin Out Table. Apply Strain relief and connectors in accordance with 822958 and THOR-MOXTOP Thermocouple Pin Out Table. Use PEEK tape on leads for applying Strain Relief.

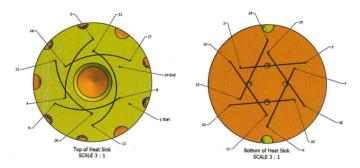
Document as-built dimensions for furcation, capillary, and polyimide fiber below.

	7"	
Capillary Tubing Length for Flange Conax:	+	
Capillary Tubing Length for Capsule Conax:	10"	
Furcation Tubing Length: 38"		_
Polyimide Fiber Length: 4011		

Performer initials/employee#: T3 116218

Date 2-3-23

15. Route DTS fiber through heat sink assembly in accordance with the number scheme below and per 822799-2 Assembly Sections A and B and note 8. In event that routing sequence and orientation details differ, the record drawing detailed routing sequence and orientation shall be used.



Note: Pedestal not shown

This SWI Cover Sheet, upon completion, complies with the requirements of LWP-21220 and LWP-20000. The SWI herein was developed using the guidance provided in PLN-5795 and in accordance with LI-764.

	SWI Information	
SWI Number	SWI-12082022-1-TB	
QLD Number or Equivalent	MFC-001512	
Drawing/Sketch Number(s)	DWG 822798, 822799, 822800, 822958, & 822795 8227	
Activity Primary Location	Measurement Sciences Laboratory (EIL)	
Scope Description	The scope includes fabricating drawing 822958-1 THOR- MOXTOP-1 Module assembly without fuel.	

	SWI Release for Work	
	Signature	Date
Design Engineer	KLINT ANDERSON (Affiliate) Digitally si	gned by KLINT ANDERSON (Affiliate) 1.02.28 12:04:03 -07:00*
Responsible Engineer	M	2/28/23
Program Quality Engineer	Reed C. Ashby	1/12/2023
Fabrication Lead	My South	2-28-23

Activity Performer List	
Name	S#
Ashley Lambson	116563

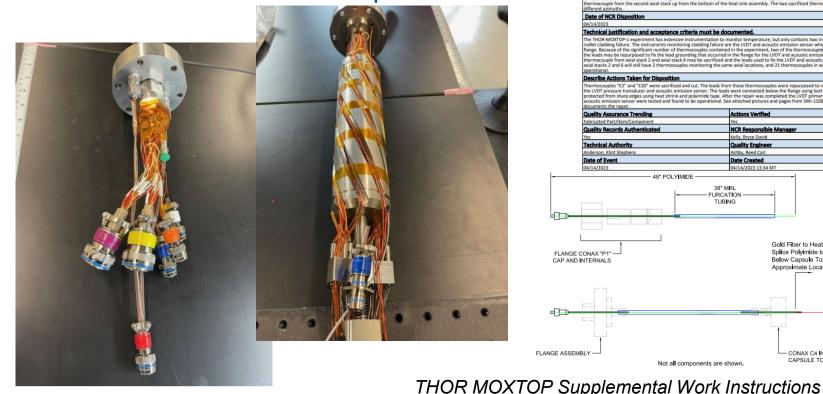
SWI Number: SWI-12082022-1-TB Page # 1 of 31

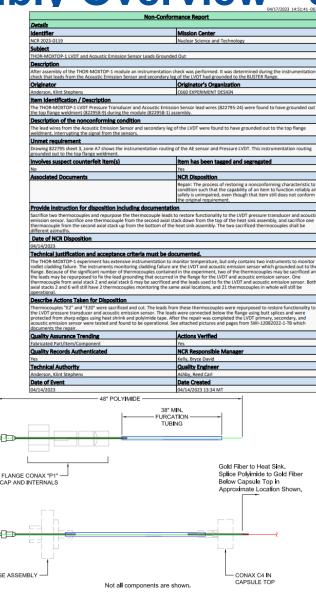
Drawing Item	Description	Quantity	QA/PO/WR Number	Performer Initials	
DWG 822799, Item 5	Capsule Bottom Assembly	1	WR 21-219 22-318	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 6	Well Collar	1	WR 21-83	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 10	Modified Cap Screw	3	WR 21-83	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 15	DTS Gold Fiber	AR	QA 321240	TB	
DWG 822799, Item 16	Acoustic Electric Sensor	AR	QA 312981	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 17	Wave Spring	2	QA 314240 from WR 21-83	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 18	Spring Pin	2	WR 21-83	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 20	Miniature SS Tubing 0.042" OD	AR	QA 341911	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 21	EPO-TEK-353ND	AR	QA 350590	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 22	Foil, Aluminum	AR	QA 348564	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 28	DTS Coreless Fiber	AR	QA 290114	TB	
DWG 822799, Item 34	Heat Sink Assembly	1	WR 21-256	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 35	Well Short	1	WR 21-256	AZ	
DWG 822799, Item 36	Heat Sink Sleeve Long	1	WR 21-256	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 37	MOXTOP Capsule Top Assembly	1	WR 22-279	AL	
DWG 822799, Item 43	Hot Cell TC Probe Assembly HP1	2	QA 347642	AL	

THOR MOXTOP Supplemental Work Instructions

THOR MOXTOP Assembly Overview - continued

- Supplemental Work Instruction (SWI)
 - Leak Testing Examination Reports
 - External Cable Layout
 - Non-Conformance Reports



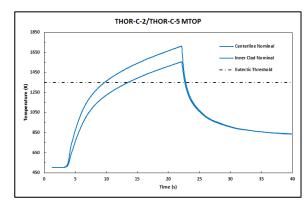


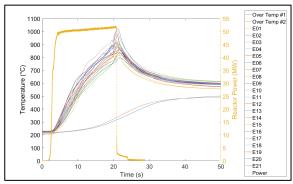
HELIUM MASS SPECTROMETER 04/03/2007 Rev. 02 LEAK TESTING EXAMINATION REPORT Page 1 of Examination Date: 3-15-2023 LTR-23-042 Surface Cond/Prep: CLEAN Dwg. 822804 Rev-000.c Note 8 Material Type: SS Technique: Detector Probe Procedure: TPR-13438 Rev.8 Appendix: D HLD: ASM 310 MSLD STANDARD STD LEAK: (CL1) Temp. Gauge: (T₁) Type: Fluke 52II SC&L # 733348 SC&L# 737344 Pressure Gauge TM101 SC&L# 738320 Due: 11-15-23 Displayed reading (CL₁) Displayed reading (CL₂): 1.2E-6 Atm cc/sec (zero mode) tems Leak Tested: nnex connectors (epoxy) Retest from LTR 23-024 CLt x: 5.4E-8 /9.0E-6 Clo 1/response 5.4E-8/1.1E-6 Inst Sensitivity = 1.0E-09 he item was evacuated to 3.0E-3 torr and then backfilled assembly to 48.4 psig to achieve approx. 99% Helium centration. Detector probe distance-speed; distance .063" to contact. Speed 0.8"- Sec. Failed leak test on conax ng with the TC's and the Fiber line at 4.4E-6. All other test boundaries are acceptable at <1.0E-6 Time: 1430 hrs Sys Background: 5.0E-8 Atm cc/sec (zero) Displayed Leak Rate: 4.4E-6 Temperature (T₁): 24.2 °C Post-test Calibration Data: CLt 1/2: 5.4E-8 / 5.8E-5 CLc/background = 1.0E-09/5.0E-8 | CLo 1/response 5.4E-8 / 1.1E-8 Inst Sensitivity = 1.0E-09 Cleanup Time: 3 sec Post-test System Response Time: 3 Sec Q = 1.0E-9 std cc/sec LR < Q CLt₁ Leak test performed at FII ACC 1.0/5.0 5.4/5.8 5.4/5.3 4.4 Leak rate: 4.4E-6

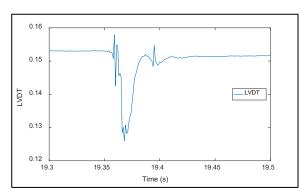
Jayde VanOrden NDE QA MSLT LVL II 04-13-24

NDE Level II

3-Month-Long THOR MOXTOP (Mixed Oxide Fuel) Video of Assembly & 60 seconds of Data from TREAT









Advanced Test Reactor (ATR) and Critical (ATRC) Facility Gamma Tube, Radiation Measurements Laboratory (RML), Test Train Assembly Facility (TTAF)

Reactor Type

Pressurized, light-water moderated and cooled; beryllium reflector 250 MWt design

Reactor Vessel

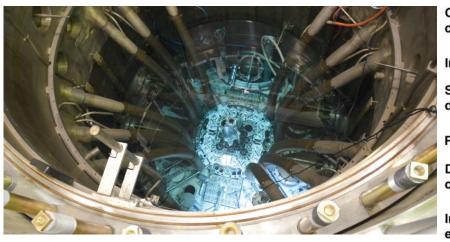
3.65 meter diameter cylinder, 10.67 meter high stainless steel

Maximum Flux, at 250 MW

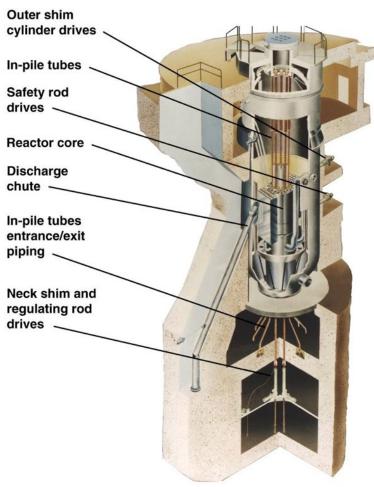
 1×10^{15} n/cm²-sec thermal 5×10^{14} n/cm²-sec fast

Reactor Core

40 fuel assemblies U-Al plates – 19/assembly

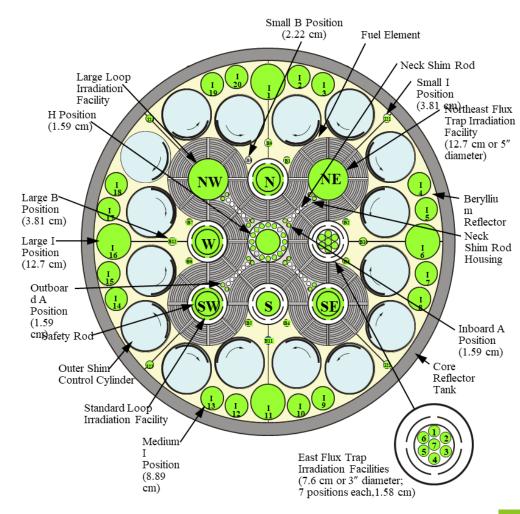


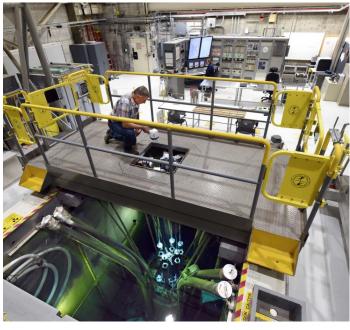




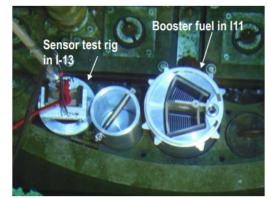
ATR / ATRC* Test Positions

- Test size 1.22 m length, 1.27 to 12.7 cm diameter
- 77 Irradiation Positions
- Rotating Hafnium Control Cylinders – symmetrical axial flux
- Power/Flux Adjustments ("Tilt") across the Core -< 3:1 ratio
- Power in the four lobes of the "clover leaf" can be adjusted independently – almost like four separate reactors





ATR core (left) & ATRC core (right)



Neutron Detector Testing in ATRC

Instrumented Test Assembly and installation example:

Advanced Gas-cooled Reactor 5/6/7





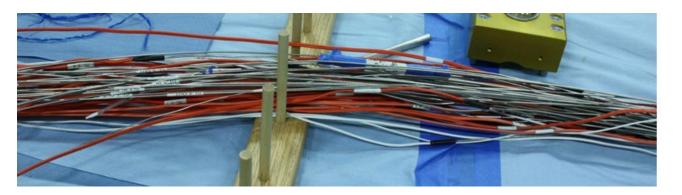
Assembly in Test Train Assembly Facility (above/below)



Installation into ATR







Neutron RADiography Reactor (NRAD) Facility

NRAD Reactor Attributes

- 250kW TRIGA® Reactor (Conversion Type)
- Shallow Open Pool (Atmospheric Pressure)
- Radiation levels (~2.5R/hr)
 prevent pool-top access during full power operation.
- Direct Access to HFEF hot cell



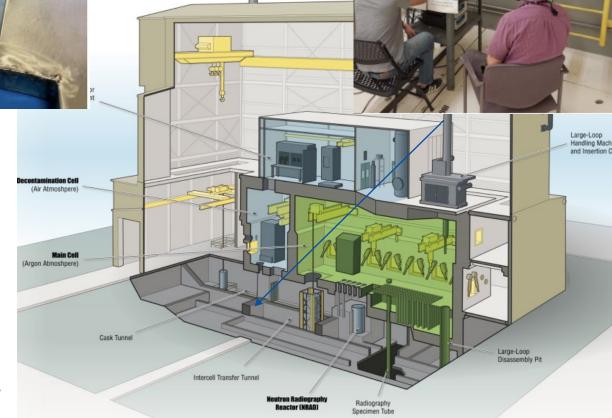
Neutron flux sensor installation in NRAD (left) and testing outside NRAD in transfer tunnel (right)



Molten Salt Research Temperature-Controlled Irradiation (MRTI) designed for instrumentation, not installed







90% design completed for MARVEL microreactor



MARVEL Reactor Attributes

- Sodium-potassium cooled reactor with natural circulation cooling
- Operating temperature of 500 500°C
- Stirling engines convert 85-100 kW of thermal energy to
 ~20 kW electrical power
- 2 year mission may include:
 - Test, demonstrate, and address issues related to installation, startup, and operation
 - Enable Autonomous Operation Technologies
 - Enable Seamless Application Integration
 - Demonstrate radiation and temperature-hardened sensors and instrumentation to enable remote monitoring, advanced sensor reliability tests, and online calibration

MARVEL will be available to researchers once it is operational.

Please contact the National Technical Director or Technical Lead
for more information.

Final Notes & Recruitment

- INL has unique capabilities for sensor design, development, fabrication, assembly, characterization, deployment in both nonnuclear and irradiation experiments while also fostering a variety of commercialization activities
- MSL welcomes instrumentation-focused collaborations with visiting researchers, students, vendors, etc.
- MSL is growing, join the team! Please watch https://inl.gov/careers/



INL provides safer, better, stronger solutions to advance energy and enhance life.

Opportunities available for interns, postdocs and full-time positions.
Come be a part of our extraordinary team.



inl.gov/careers

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