

# High Fidelity Sensing & Machine Learning Inside the Control Loop

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ORNL is managed by UT-Battelle LLC for the US Department of Energy



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

# Hi-Fi Sensing and ML in the Loop (Example: Tesla Autopilot)

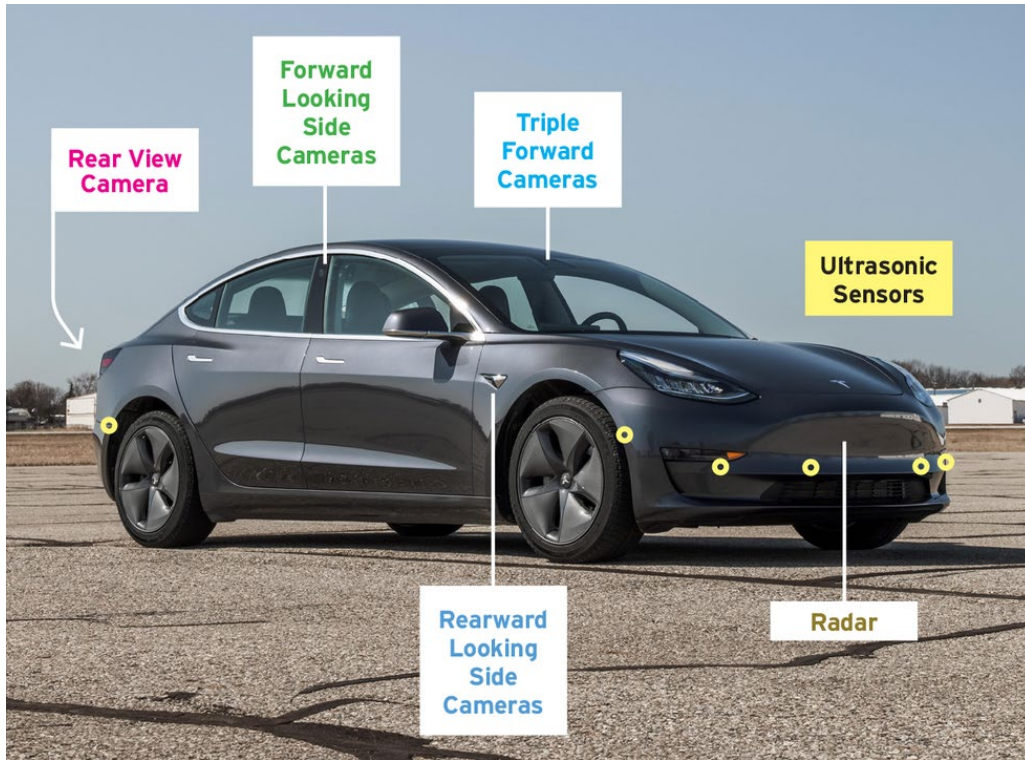
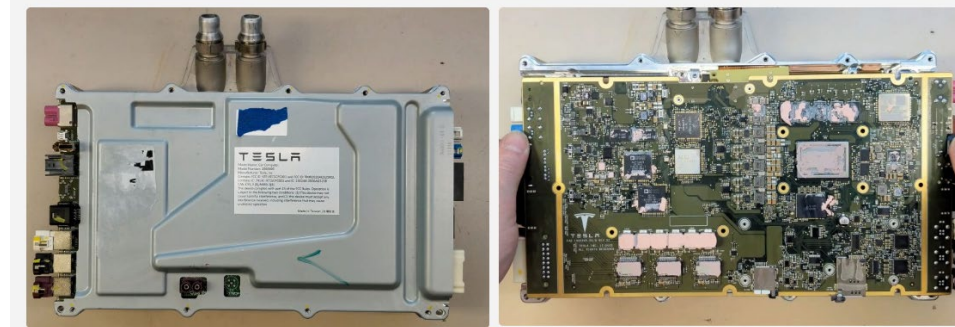
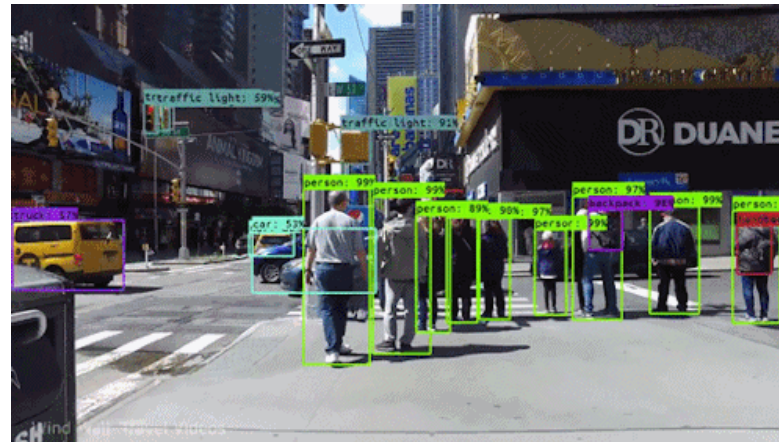


PHOTO CREDIT: MICHAEL SIMARI | CAR AND DRIVER

- 750MB per second of mixed data (per car)
- Edge compression (compressed sensing) and data processing with GPU
- Aggregated and sent to cloud for ML
- Deployed to car as fleet automation
- Always learning



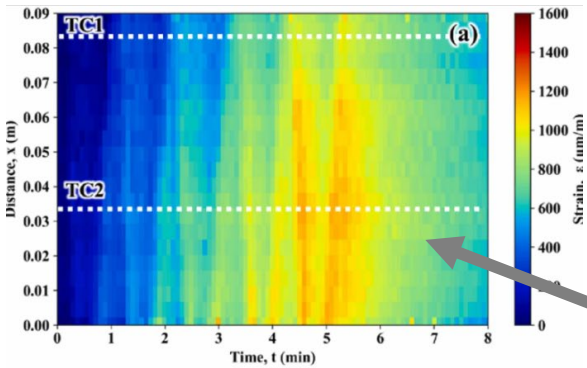
Tesla Car Computer, Source: Engineerix

AMD Ryzen Embedded			
VideoCardz	V1000	V2000	V3000
Core Architecture	14nm Zen/12nm Zen+	7nm Zen2	6nm Zen3
Maximum Configuration	4C/8T	8C/16T	8C/16T
Maximum GPU Cores	11 CUs (GCN5/Vega)	8 CUs (GCN5/Vega)	12 CUs (RDNA2)
PCI Express Support	16x PCIe 3.0	20x PCIe 3.0	20x PCIe 4.0
Memory Support	Dual DDR4-3200/2400 ECC	Dual DDR4-3200 ECC	Dual DDR5-4800 ECC

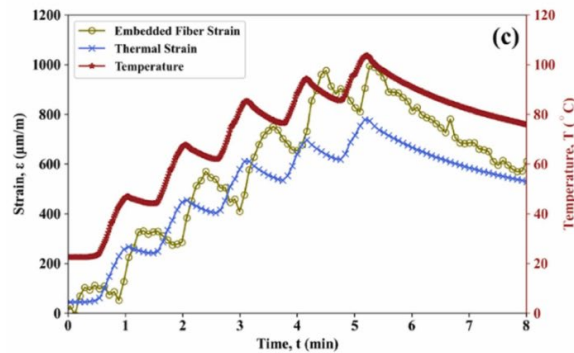
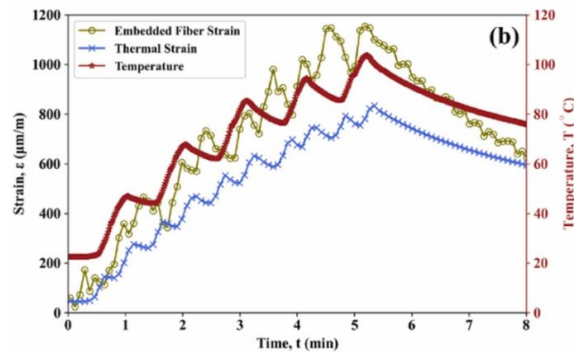
<https://videocardz.com/newz/tesla-car-computer-features-zen-ryzen-embedded-apu-and-discrete-navi-23-gpu>



# Hi-Fi Sensing for Advanced Nuclear Application

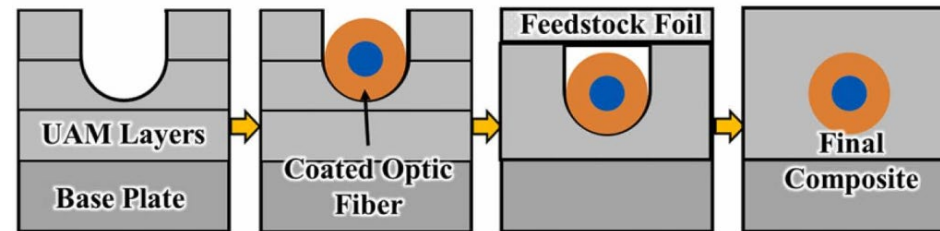


Large  
spatio-  
temporal  
data sets



- Research already underway
- Nuclear and radiation detectors with similar function to image and video
- Advanced distributed sensing with fiber optic and acoustics
- Embedded sensors

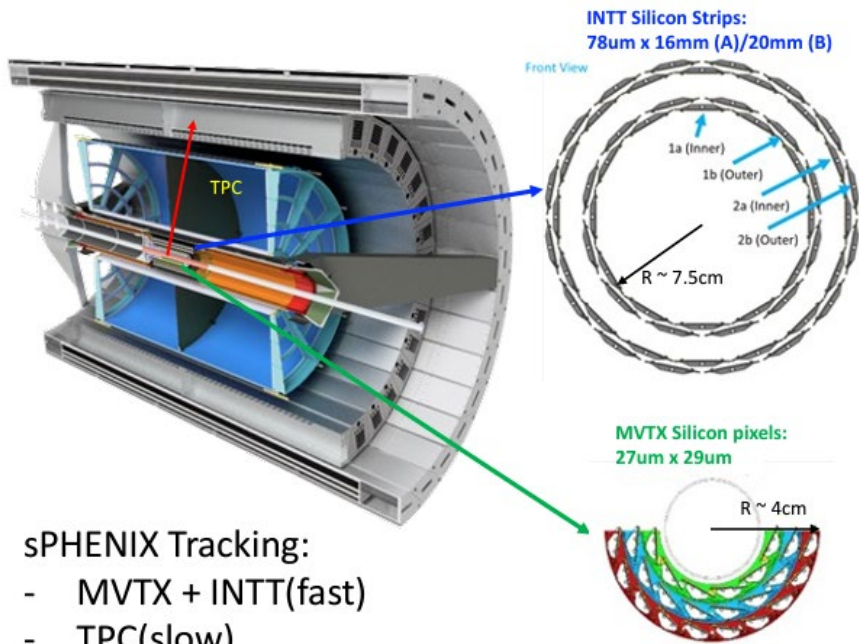
***The ability to measure distributed values generates large spatio-temporal data sets... thus creating new controls opportunities***



HOLDEN, SWEENEY, PETRIE (2022)

[HTTPS://DOI-ORG.ORNL.IDM.OCLC.ORG/10.1016/J.ADDMA.2022.102681](https://doi-org.ornl.idm.oclc.org/10.1016/j.addma.2022.102681)

# Machine Learning at the Edge for Advanced Nuclear Application

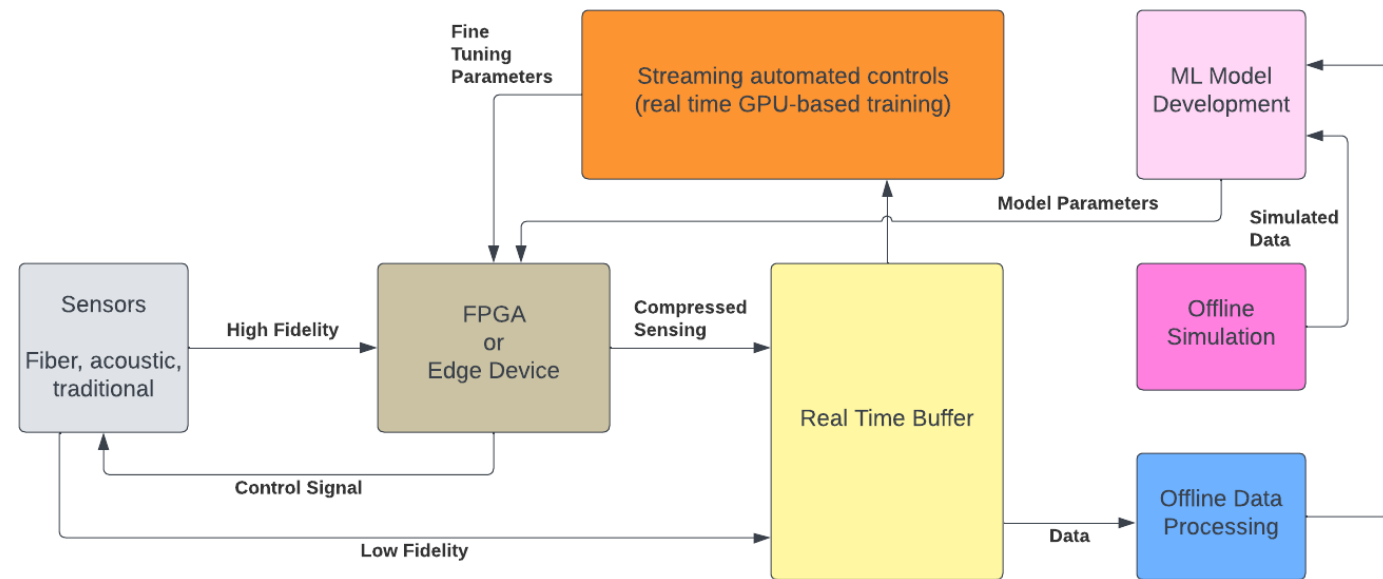


## sPHENIX Tracking:

- MVTX + INTT(fast)
- TPC(slow)

LIU, MING XIONG (2022) INTELLIGENT EXPERIMENT THROUGH REAL-TIME AI: FAST DATA PROCESSING AND AUTONOMOUS DETECTOR CONTROL FOR SPHENIX AND FUTURE EIC DETECTORS

- Research also underway in science community
- ML/sensing integration being deployed in Nuclear Science systems (like SNS and sPHENIX etc)
- Requires a mixture of edge ML for compressed sensing and offline ML for fleet level broadcasting



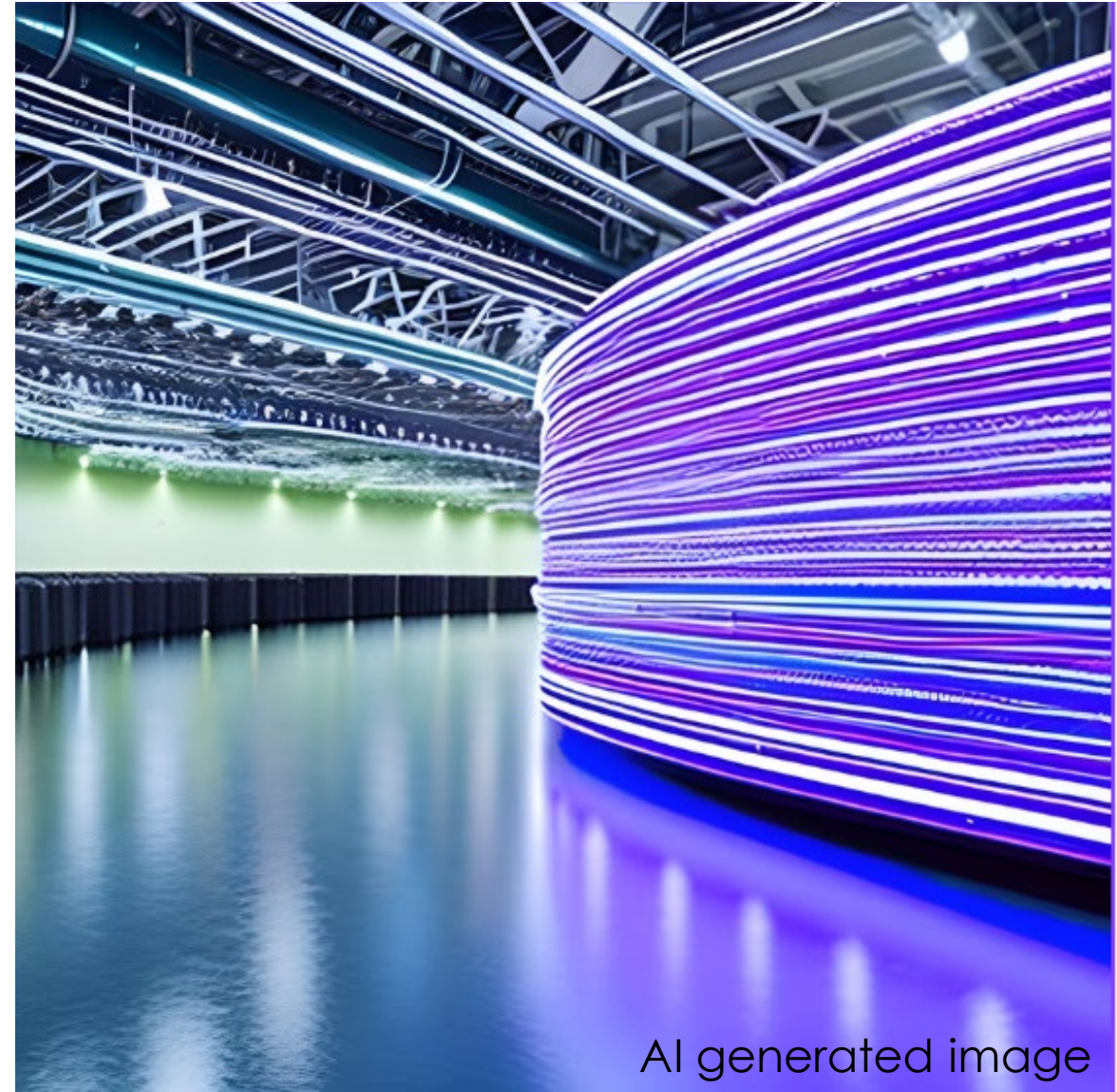


# A vision of the future: a digital nervous system

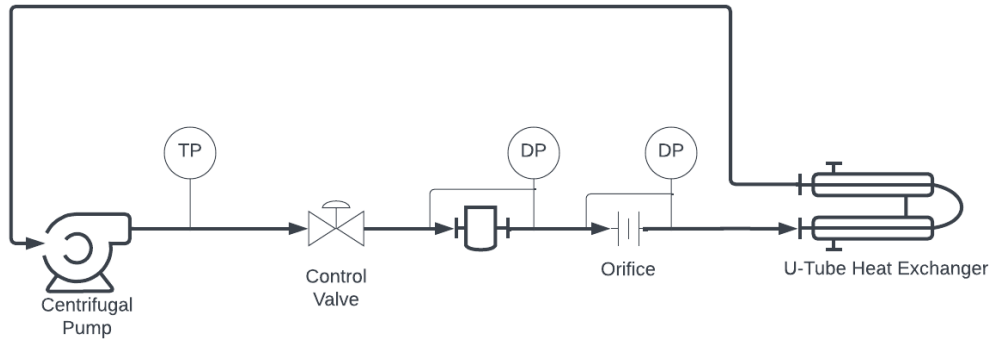
- Like humans: seeing, touching, tasting, hearing, smelling...***the state of your plant processes***
- High fidelity data, but not all data is of value
- Need to discard superfluous information and compress sensing (compressed sensing w/ML)
- Need to research and solve the lack of rare events issues, this can only be done with a combination of data collection and traditional physics-based modeling (Digital Twin)
- Integrating it into the control system



**Professional  
listening for  
“groaning” of bad  
coolant pump  
and smelling for  
anti-freeze leaks**



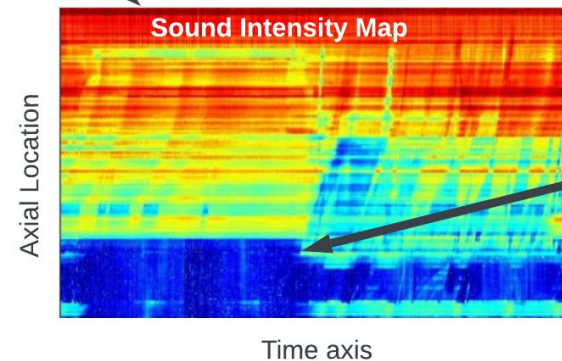
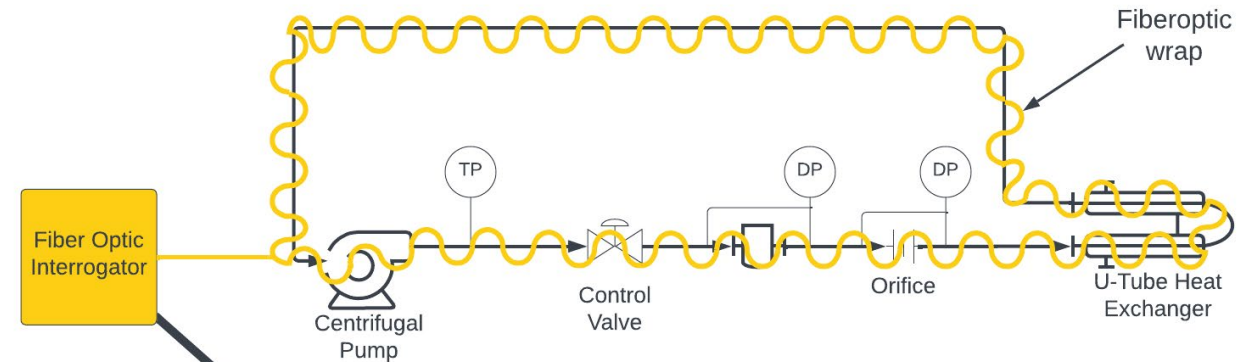
# A vision of the future: a digital nervous system



**Traditional I&C on flow loop**

- Distributed temperature
    - Distributed strain
      - Distributed compositional analysis,
        - Distributed moisture analysis ....
- there are many new opportunities

- Distributed acoustic sensing (DAS) with fiber optics allows the I&C system to listen to the flow loop and generate an entire new spectrum of actionable data and information



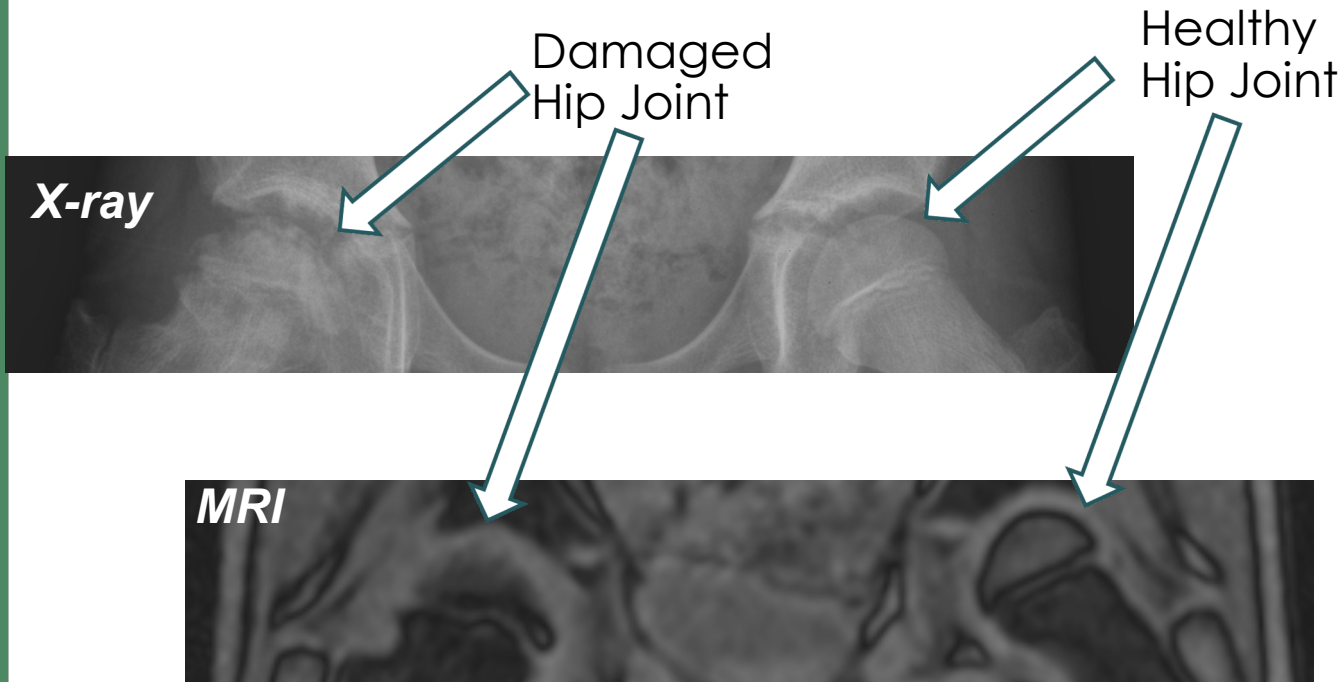
Disturbance corresponding to valve cavitation

**Next generation I&C nervous system**

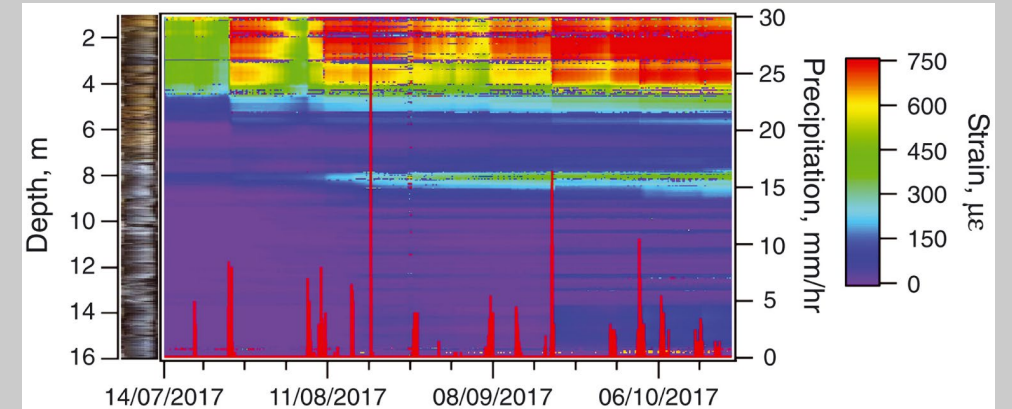
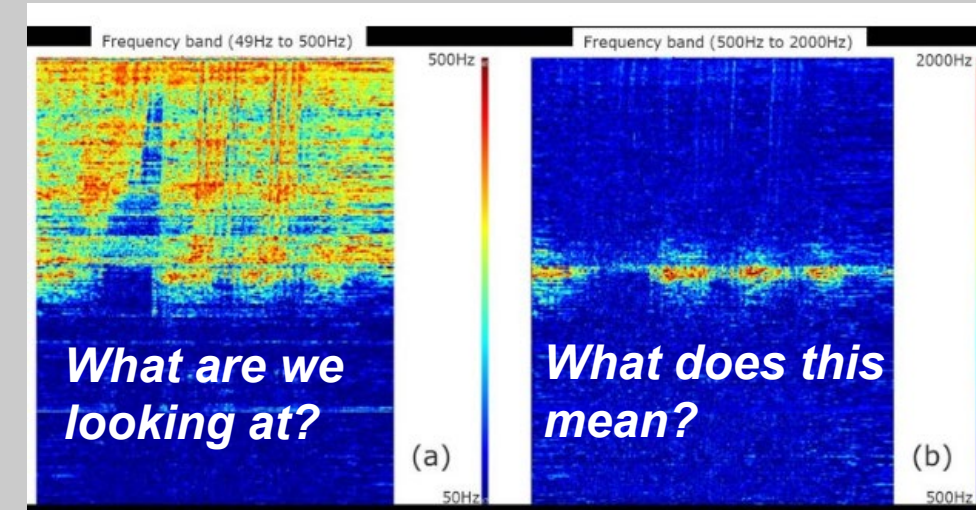


# Where we are: an analogy

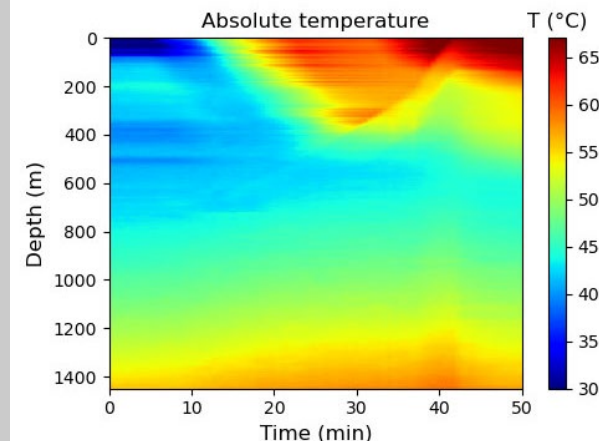
- Distributed sensing is in the same spot that radiology was decades ago.
- There is a need to develop **diagnostic** interpretations of the data



- Radiology is now being automated
- AI/ML used to characterize cancer or identify other diseases from imaging data

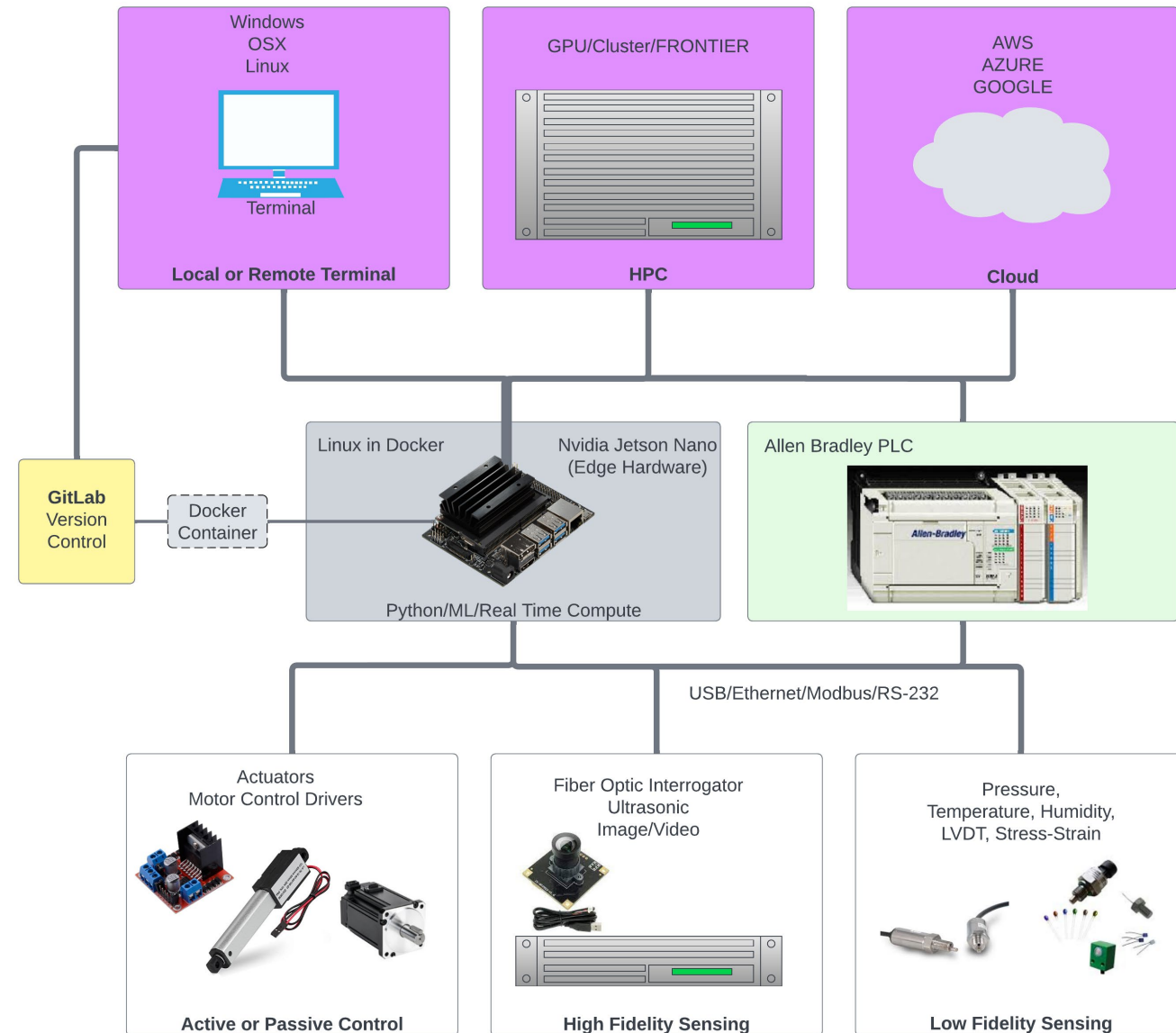


**Distributed  
sensing  
diagnostics**



# The need: integrated hardware in the loop test beds

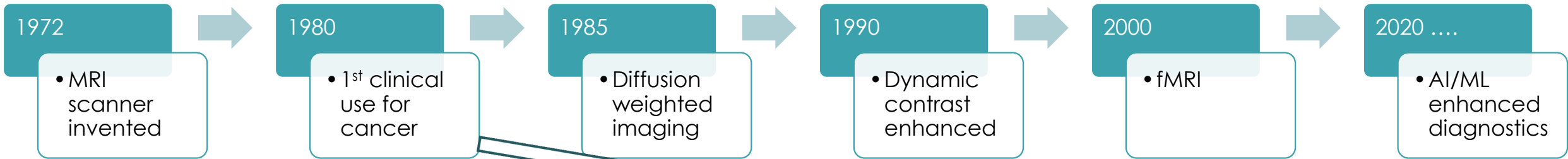
- Adding high fidelity sensing inside the control loop brings new challenges in data handling
- I&C systems need a digital architecture that can handle broad types and quantities of data
- The need for edge hardware for compression sensing and implementation of ML
- Connectivity to high performance computing to aggregate and train data driven models



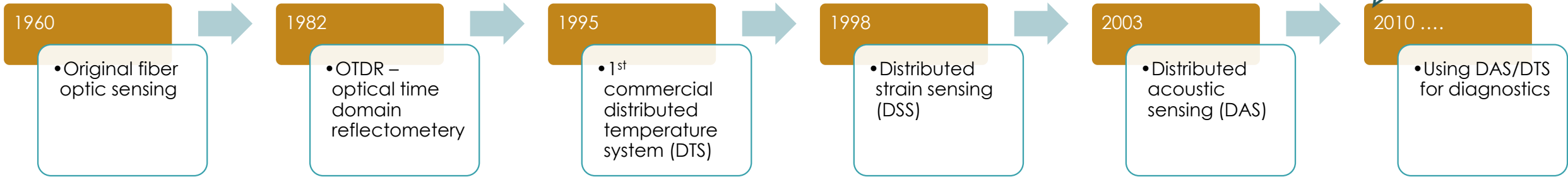


# Where do we go from here

- Medical diagnostic imaging



- Distributed fiber optic sensing



The next decades are already outlined, HOWEVER,  
now we have AI/ML to help accelerate the development of the diagnostics





Questions?  
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