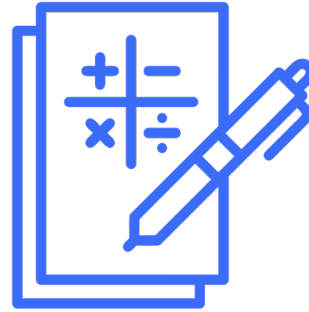


Synthesizing Advanced Reactor Control Systems: Achieving Security and Reliability

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formal methods for
cyber-physical systems



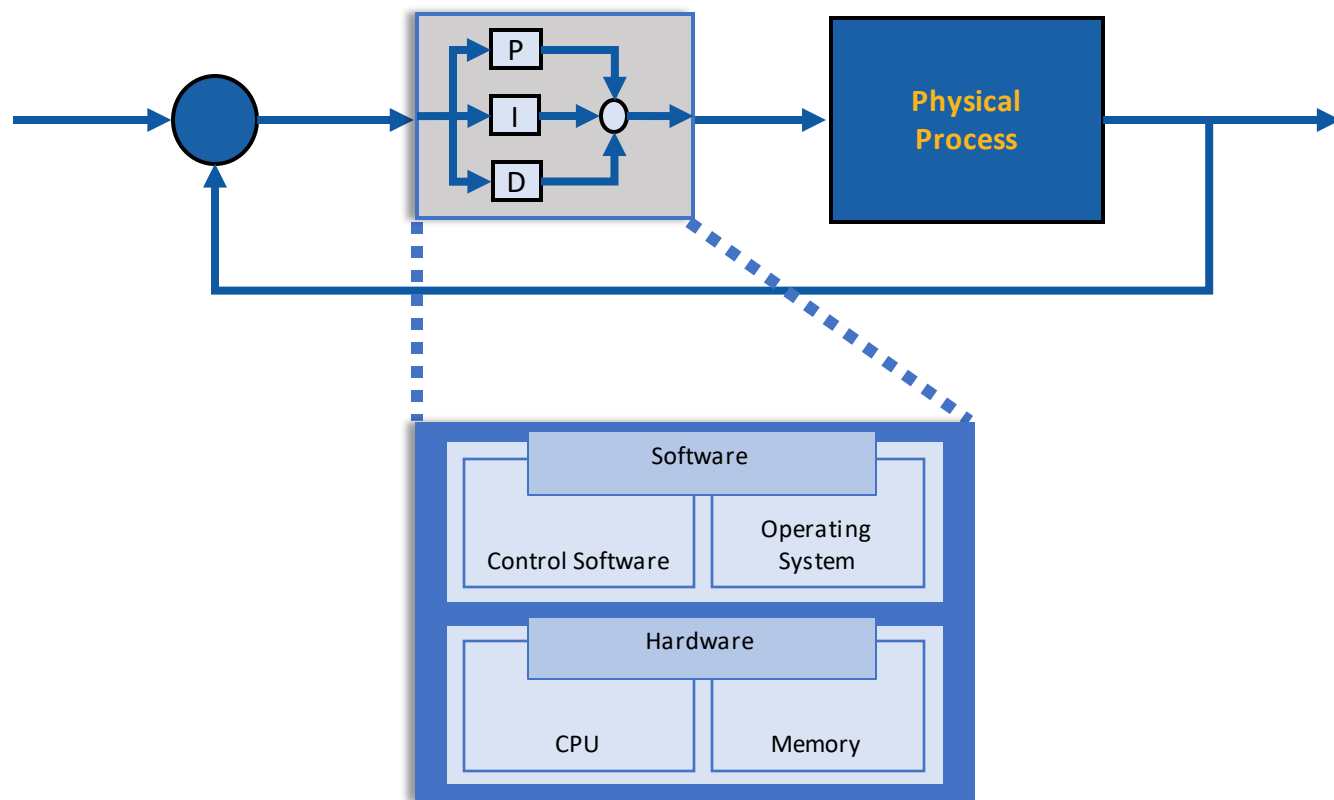
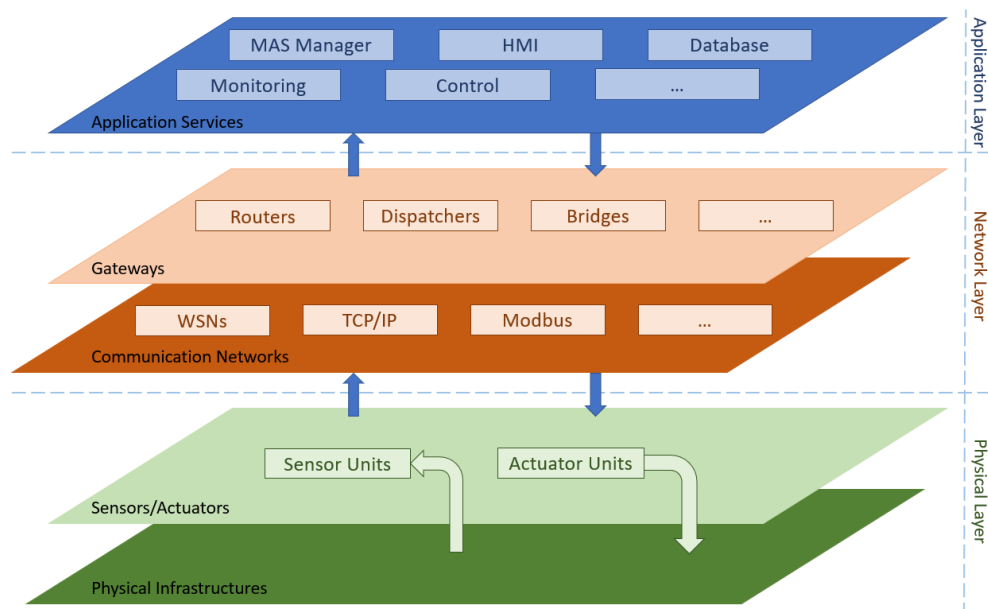
metrics of security
and resilience



encrypted
control systems

IT cybersecurity alone cannot protect the physical layer

OT security often overlooks cyber as a source of unsafe control actions



Formal methods approaches enable modeling of complex systems and verifying their properties



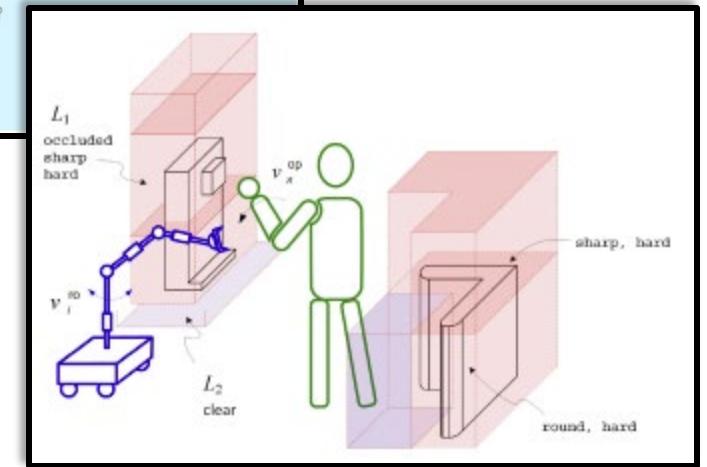
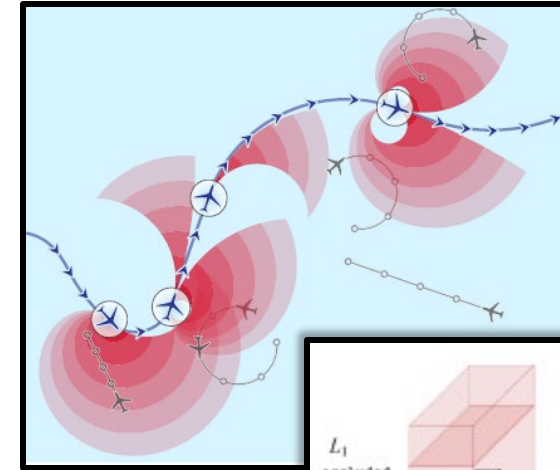
DARPA HACMS Program



Unhackable kernel could keep all computers safe from cyberattack

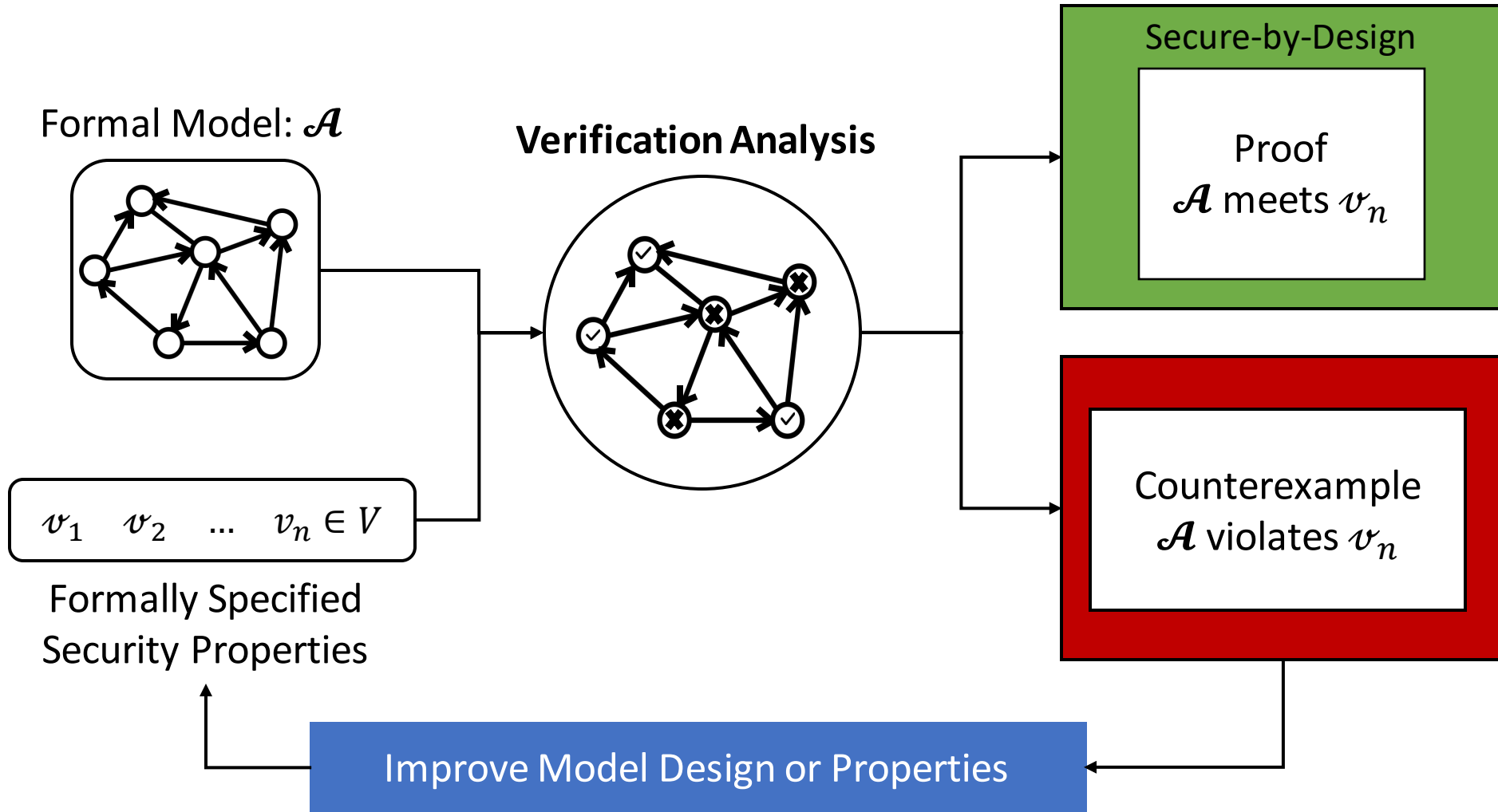
Hacker-Proof Code Confirmed

Computer scientists can prove certain programs to be error-free with the same certainty that mathematicians prove theorems. The advances are being used to secure everything from unmanned drones to the internet.

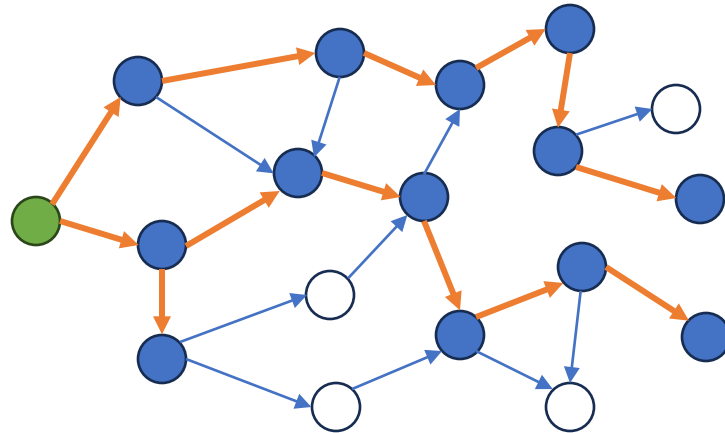


Formally verifying safety properties for control systems.

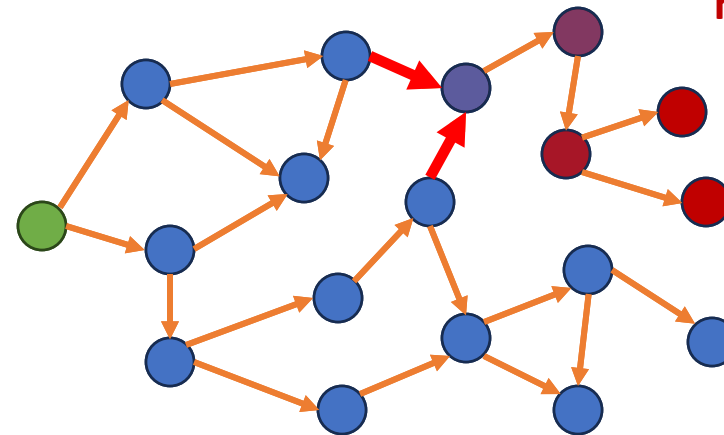
Verifying that the model complies with security properties achieves specified secure-by-design goals



Exploring the state space yields unsafe control actions that result in harm.
Safer, more secure controllers can then be designed.



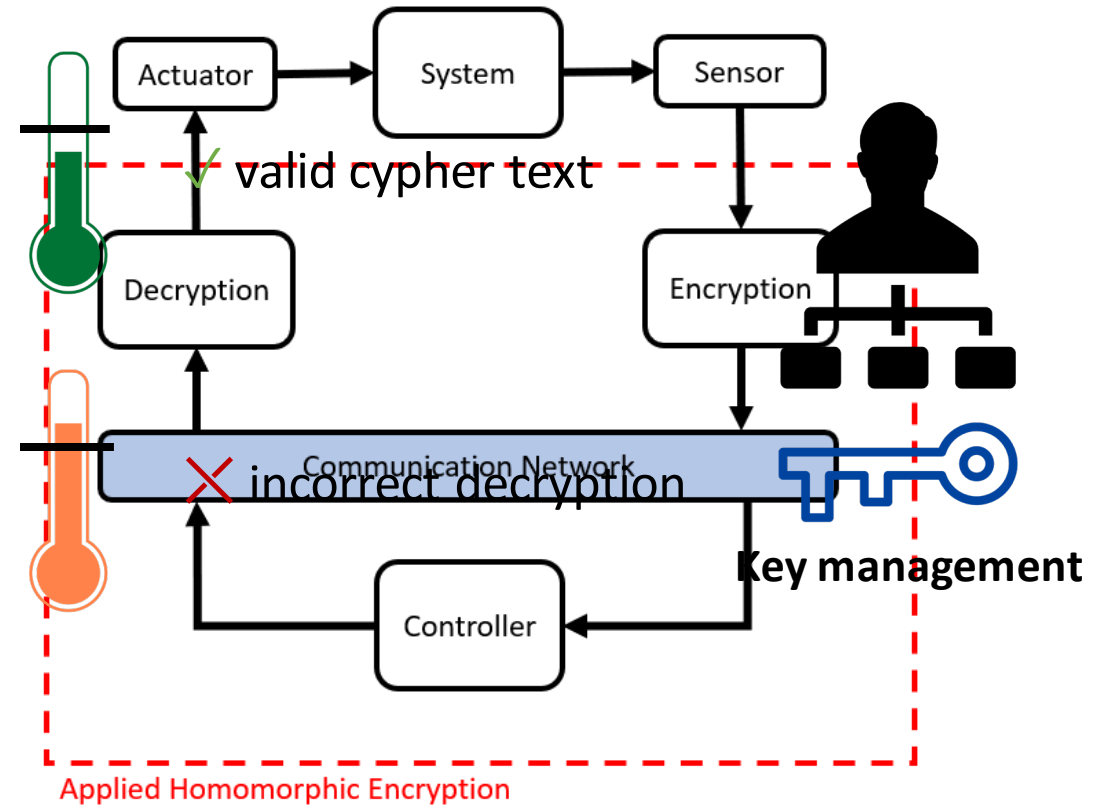
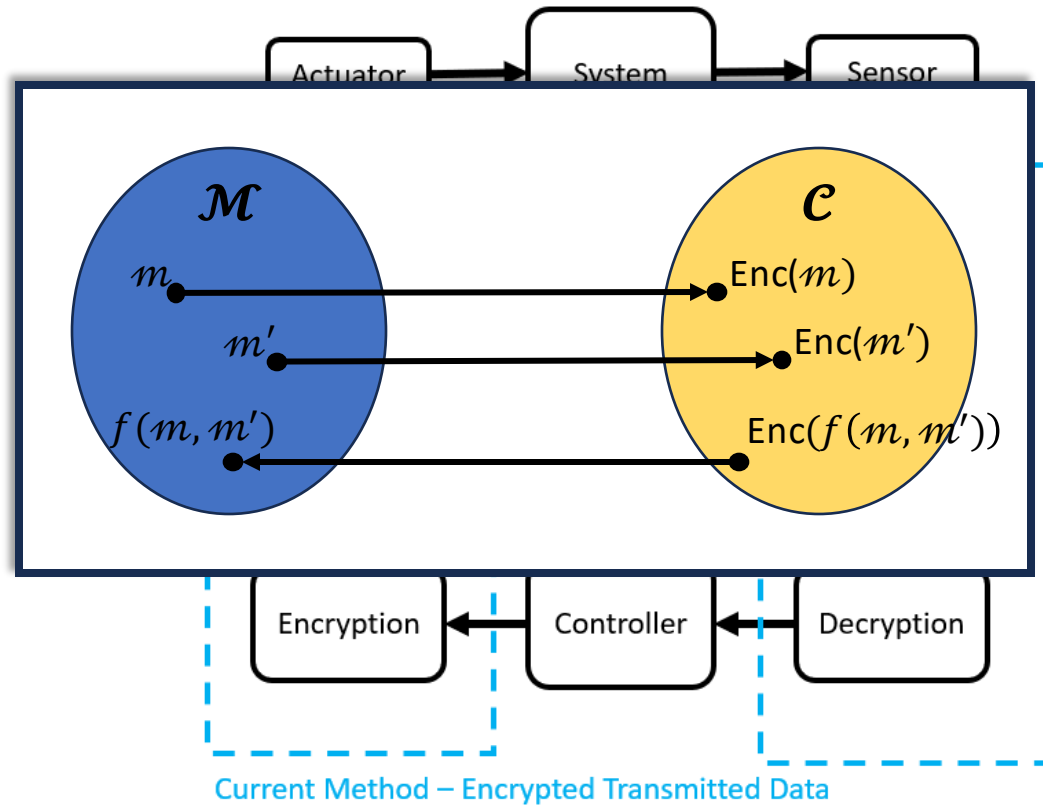
Simulation trace



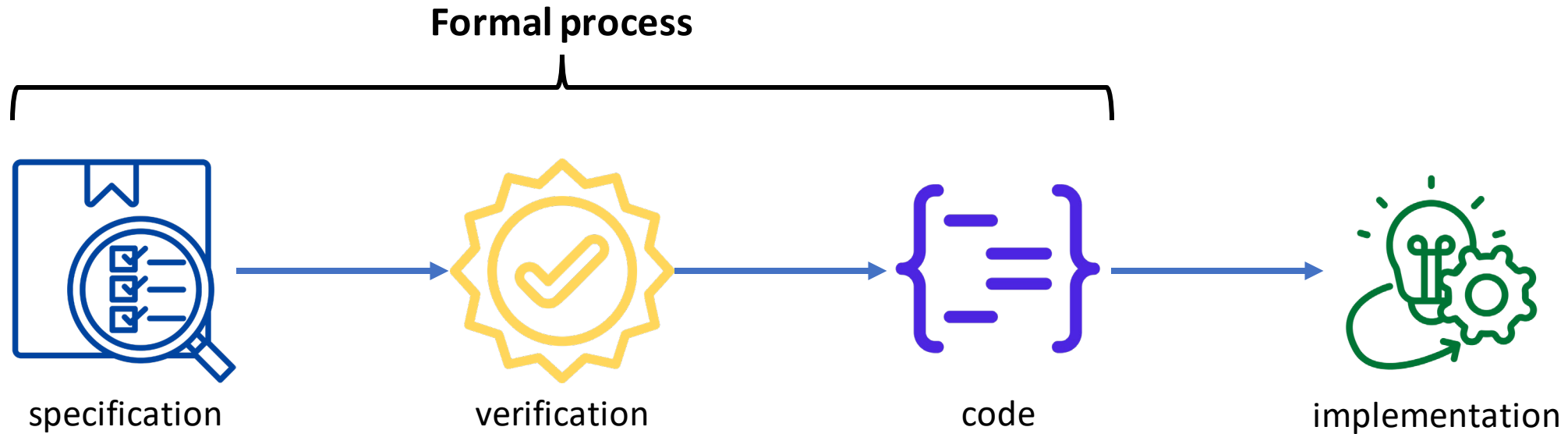
Unsafe control actions
lead the system to
harm states

Verification trace

Homomorphic encryption enables better command control and communications systems



If we do these things well, we can improve the security of command, control, and communication systems, AND reduce the cost of development



Better system verification tools yields secure-by-design control systems, improved safety, security, and – done right – a better design process

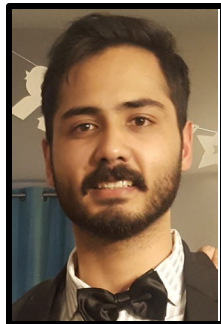


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